

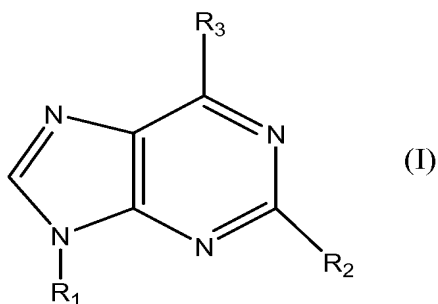
**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

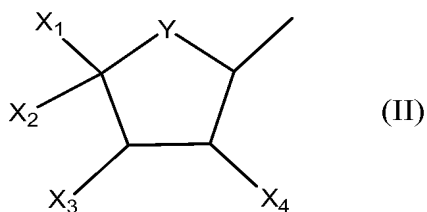
1-10 (Cancelled)

11 (Currently Amended). A method for treating an individual suffering from multiple sclerosis (MS) comprising administering to said individual an A3 adenosine receptor agonist (A3RAg) wherein said A3RAg is a compound within the scope of the general formula (I):



wherein,

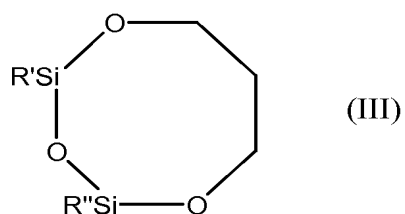
- **R<sub>1</sub>** represents an alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl or cyanoalkyl or a group of the following general formula (II):



in which:

- **Y** represents an oxygen, sulfur or CH<sub>2</sub>;
- **X<sub>1</sub>** represents H, alkyl, R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>NC(=O)- or HOR<sup>c</sup>-, wherein

- $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are hydrogen, alkyl, amino, haloalkyl, aminoalkyl, BOC-aminoalkyl, or cycloalkyl or are joined together to form a heterocyclic ring containing two to five carbon atoms; and
- $R^c$  is alkyl, amino, haloalkyl, aminoalkyl, BOC-aminoalkyl, or cycloalkyl;
- $X_2$  is H, hydroxyl, alkylamino, alkylamido or hydroxyalkyl;
- $X_3$  and  $X_4$  represent independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, amino, amido, azido, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrilo, nitro, trifluoro, aryl, alkaryl, thio, thioester, thioether, -OCOPh, or -OC(=S)OPh or both  $X_3$  and  $X_4$  are oxygens connected to  $>C=S$  to form a 5-membered ring, or  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  form the ring of formula (III):

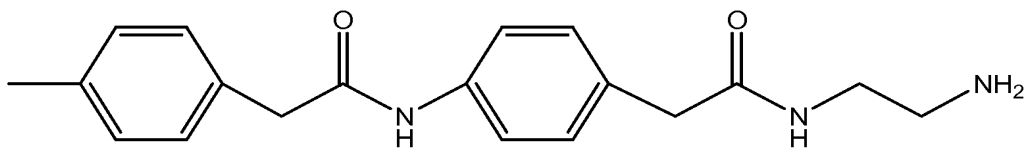


- where  $R'$  and  $R''$  represent independently an alkyl group;
- $R_2$  is hydrogen, halo, alkylether, amino, hydrazido, alkylamino, alkoxy, thioalkoxy, pyridylthio, alkenyl, alkynyl, thio, or alkylthio; and
  - $R_3$  is a group of the formula  $-NR_4R_5$ , wherein

- **R<sub>4</sub>** is a hydrogen atom or alkyl, substituted alkyl or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, with **Z** being O, S, or NR<sup>a</sup> with **R<sup>a</sup>** having the above meanings;

with the proviso that when **R<sub>4</sub>** is hydrogen then

- **R<sub>5</sub>** is an R- or S-1-phenylethyl, benzyl, phenylethyl or anilide group, unsubstituted or substituted in one or more positions with a substituent that is alkyl, amino, halo, haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxyl, acetoamido, alkoxy, or sulfonic acid or a salt thereof; benzodioxanemethyl, furfuryl~~fururyl~~, L-propylalanylaminobenzyl, β-alanylaminobenzyl, T-BOC-β-alanylaminobenzyl, phenylamino, carbamoyl, phenoxy or cycloalkyl; or **R<sub>5</sub>** is a group of the following formula:

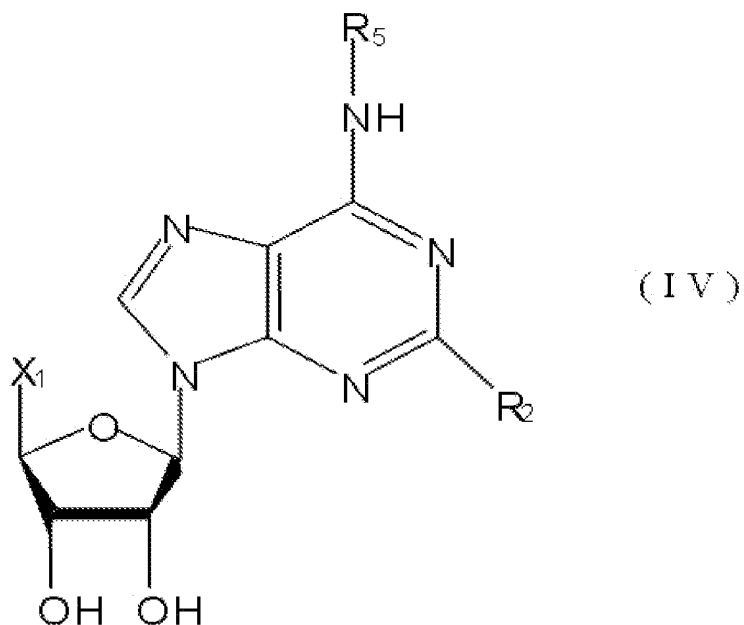


~~And~~and with the further proviso that when **R<sub>4</sub>** is an alkyl or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, then, **R<sub>5</sub>** is heteroaryl-NR<sup>a</sup>-C(Z)-, heteroaryl-C(Z)-, alkaryl-NR<sup>a</sup>-C(Z)-, alkaryl-C(Z)-, aryl-NR-C(Z)- or aryl-C(Z)-, **Z** representing an oxygen, sulfur or imine; or a physiologically acceptable salt of the above compound.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 11, wherein said A<sub>3</sub>RA<sub>g</sub> is orally administered.

13 (Cancelled).

14 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 11,  
 wherein said  $A_3RA_g$  is a nucleoside derivative of the general  
 formula (IV):

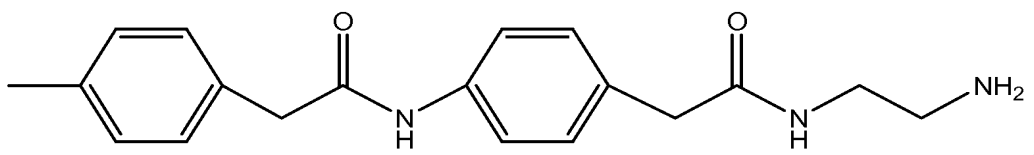


wherein,

- $X_1$  represents H, alkyl,  $R^aR^bNC(=O)-$  or  $HOR^c-$ , wherein
  - $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are hydrogen, alkyl, amino, haloalkyl, aminoalkyl, BOC-aminoalkyl, or cycloalkyl or are joined together to form a heterocyclic ring containing two to five carbon atoms; and
  - $R^c$  is alkyl, amino, haloalkyl, aminoalkyl, BOC-aminoalkyl, or cycloalkyl;

- **R<sub>2</sub>** is hydrogen, halo, alkylether, amino, hydrazido, alkylamino, alkoxy, thioalkoxy, pyridylthio, alkenyl, alkynyl, thio, or alkylthio; and

- **R<sub>5</sub>** is an R- or S-1-phenylethyl, benzyl, phenylethyl or anilide group, unsubstituted or substituted in one or more positions with a substituent that is alkyl, amino, halo, haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxyl, acetoamido, alkoxy, or sulfonic acid or a salt thereof; benzodioxanemethyl, fururyl, L-propylalanylaminobenzyl,  $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, T-BOC- $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, phenylamino, carbamoyl, phenoxy or cycloalkyl; or **R<sub>5</sub>** is a group of the following formula:



and physiologically acceptable salts of said nucleoside derivative.

15 (Previously Presented). The method of Claim 11, wherein said A3RAg is N<sup>6</sup>-2- (4-aminophenyl)ethyladenosine (APNEA), N<sup>6</sup>-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine- 5'-(N-methyluronamide) (AB-MECA), N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide (IB-MECA), or 2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide (Cl-IB-MECA).